What is Claimed is:

- 1. An isolated human RNase polypeptide comprising human Type 2 RNase H.
- 2. The isolated human RNase polypeptide of claim 1 5 wherein the polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.
 - 3. An isolated human RNase polypeptide prepared from a culture of ATCC Deposit No. 98536.
 - 4. A cloned and expressed human RNase H polypeptide.
- 5. The cloned and expressed human RNase H polypeptide 10 of claim 4 which is a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide.
 - 6. The cloned and expressed human RNase H polypeptide of claim 4 which is a human RNase H1 polypeptide.
 - 7. The cloned and expressed human RNase H polypeptide of claim 4 which comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 15 8. The cloned and expressed human RNase H polypeptide of claim 4 which is prepared from a culture of ATCC Deposit No. 98536.
- A composition comprising a cloned and expressed human RNase H polypeptide and a pharmaceutically acceptable
 carrier.
 - 10. The composition of claim 9 wherein the human RNase H polypeptide is a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide.
 - 11. The composition of claim 9 wherein the human RNase H polypeptide is a human RNase H1 polypeptide.

- 12. A composition comprising a human RNase H polypeptide and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 13. The composition of claim 12 further comprising an antisense oligonucleotide, wherein the human RNase H 5 polypeptide is a human Type 2 polypeptide.
 - 14. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a human RNase H polypeptide.
 - 15. The isolated polynucleotide of claim 14 which is a human Type 2 RNase H.
- 10 16. A vector comprising a nucleic acid encoding a human RNase H polypeptide.
 - 17. A host cell comprising the vector of claim 16.
- 18. A composition comprising a vector comprising a nucleic acid encoding a human RNase H polypeptide and a 15 pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 19. The composition of claim 18 further comprising an antisense oligonucleotide, wherein the human RNase H polypeptide is a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide.
- $\,$ 20. An antibody targeted to a human Type 2 RNase H $\,$ 20 polypeptide.
 - 21. A nucleic acid probe capable of hybridizing to a portion of a nucleic acid encoding a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide.
 - 22. A human Type 2 RNase H--his-tag fusion polypeptide.

- 23. An antisense oligonucleotide capable of eliciting cleavage of its complementary target RNA by a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide wherein said human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 24. A method of enhancing inhibition of expression of a selected protein by an antisense oligonucleotide targeted to an RNA encoding the selected protein comprising:
- (a) providing an antisense oligonucleotide targeted to an RNA encoding a selected protein whose expression is to be 10 inhibited;
 - (b) allowing said oligonucleotide and said RNA to hybridize to form an oligonucleotide-RNA duplex;
- (c) contacting said oligonucleotide-RNA duplex with a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide, under conditions in which 15 cleavage of the RNA strand of the oligonucleotide-RNA duplex occurs,

whereby inhibition of expression of the selected protein is enhanced.

- 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the human Type 2 20 RNase H polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.
 - 26. The method of claim 25 wherein the antisense oligonucleotide is a chimeric oligonucleotide.
- 27. A method of screening oligonucleotides to identify an effective antisense oligonucleotide for inhibition of expression of a selected target protein comprising:
- (a) contacting a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide with an RNA encoding the selected target protein and an oligonucleotide complementary to at least a portion of the RNA under conditions in which an oligonucleotide-RNA duplex is 30 formed;

- (b) detecting cleavage of the RNA of the oligonucleotide-RNA duplex wherein cleavage is indicative of antisense efficacy.
- 28. The method of claim 27 wherein the human Type 2 5 RNase H polypeptide is enriched or overexpressed.
 - 29. The method of claim 27 wherein the human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide is exogenously added.
- 30. The method of claim 27 wherein the human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide is an isolated, purified human Type 2 10 RNase H polypeptide.
 - 31. An effective antisense oligonucleotide identified in accordance with the method of claim 27.
- 32. The method of claim 27 further comprising determining the site on the RNA at which cleavage occurs, whereby said site is identified as a Type 2 RNase H-sensitive site.
 - 33. The method of claim 32 further comprising identifying an effective antisense oligonucleotide which hybridizes to said Type 2 RNase H-sensitive site.
- 20 34. The method of claim 27 wherein the oligonucleotide is one of a mixture or library of oligonucleotides.
 - 35. An effective antisense oligonucleotide identified in accordance with the method of claim 33.
- 36. A method of making an antisense oligonucleotide 25 which elicits cleavage of its complementary target RNA by a human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide comprising synthesizing an

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oligonucleotide which is targeted to a selected RNA wherein said oligonucleotide,

when hybridized to the selected RNA target to form a duplex, will bind the human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide which thereby 5 cleaves the RNA strand of the duplex.

- 37. A method of prognosticating efficacy of antisense therapy of a selected disease comprising measuring the level or activity of a human Type 2 RNase H in a target cell of the antisense therapy.
- 38. A method of identifying agents which increase or decrease activity of levels of a human RNase H polypeptide in a host cell comprising:
- (a) contacting a cell expressing a human RNase H polypeptide with an agent suspected or increasing or 15 decreasing activity or levels of the human RNase H polypeptide; and
- (b) measuring the activity or levels of the human RNase H polypeptide in the presence and absence of the agent so that an increase or decrease in the activity or levels of the human 20 RNase H polypeptide can be determined.
 - 39. A method of identifying agents which increase or decrease activity or levels of an RNase H polypeptide comprising:
- a) contacting an RNase H polypeptide with an agent 25 suspected of increasing or decreasing activity or levels of said RNase H polypeptide.
- b) measuring the activity or levels of the RNase H polypeptide in the presence and absence of the agent so that an increase or decrease in the activity or levels of the human 30 RNAase H polypeptide can be determined.

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- 40. The method of claim 39 wherein the RNase H polypeptide is a cloned and expressed RNase H polypeptide.
- 41. The method of claim 39 wherein the RNase H polypeptide is a human RNase H polypeptide.
- 42. The method of claim 39 wherein the RNase H polypeptide is a human RNase H polypeptide having SEQ ID NO:
- 43. The method of claim 39 wherein the RNase H polypeptide is prepared from a culture of ATCC Deposit No. 10 98536.
- 44. A method of making substantially pure human Type 2 RNase H comprising transfecting a host cell with a vector containing a nucleic acid sequence encoding human Type 2 RNase H, wherein said host cells express the human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide, and isolating the human Type 2 RNase H polypeptide.
 - 45. The method of claim 44 wherein said human Type 2 RNase polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO: 1.